

KA METHOD

 <p>1. The early formation of the nascent cell. Internal elements are relatively undifferentiated & still forming. [e.g., early relationship formation where couple connect through similarities, interests, etc.]</p>	 <p>18. The contradictory opposites continue to mutually penetrate one another, each supporting the existence of its respective counterpart within its opposite.</p>	 <p>31. RBL 3: The reactionary aspect forges a regression so intense that its existence can no longer be maintained (it can no longer live); the revolutionary new grows stronger as the reactionary old decays.</p>
 <p>2. Unity continues to form; its central unifying force grows stronger & more certain. The bond between internal elements deepens.</p>	 <p>19. - 20. The interpenetrated opposites continue growing within the same unity; the leading, decisive aspect remains dominant. Exchange between each opposite & their embryonic counterparts within its opposite continues.</p>	 <p>32. RBL 4: Revolutionary new is forged anew; strengthened by such intense decay it stands sharply contrasted against the rotten old & becomes a formidable enemy. The reactionary aspect wages an intense struggle for its life in the face of death.</p>
 <p>3. The strength of the unity increases & formal unifying bond is formed. Differentiation of internal elements unified by the central force begins to take place; positions are taken. Differences & similarities are observed, although they are not essential to the unity.</p>	 <p>21. Opposites continue interpenetrating as they grow in unity & struggle—the leading one maintains its hierarchical position—leading, decisive—in relation to its opposite.</p>	 <p>33. Antagonistic struggle between opposites intensifies and accelerates, resulting in a weakening of the unity.</p>
 <p>4. KA contradictory motion—internal, self-motion, auto-dynamic. Similar internal elements begin to naturally gravitate to one another.</p>	 <p>22. Measure occurs when the interpenetrated opposites reach the quantitative limits of the unity. A momentary paralysis, characterized by no apparent movement, follows.</p>	 <p>34. Depending on which opposite is the most determined, prepared, and equipped to lead, it will direct movement toward a revolutionary or devolutionary leap. Metabolic movement is accelerated as the decisive opposite intensely struggles to free itself from the deteriorating unity.</p>
 <p>5. Inessential differences become essential differences. Similar internal elements begin to gravitate to polar ends of the unity.</p>	 <p>23. As opposites continue interpenetrating & exchanging with their embryonic counterparts, tension naturally & necessarily builds. Each opposite seeks the decisive, leading position—the aspect, which up until this point was the decisive one, attempts to hold its position, while the other vies for the leadership role. They match each other in strength.</p>	 <p>35. There is a rupture in the unity. Whichever opposite brought about this break in continuity—revolutionary new or reactionary old—now begins to shed itself of the unity's residue.</p>
 <p>6. - 10. Each of the similar polarizing internal elements unites with similar ones to form unified opposite within the unity. One of the opposites—aspect of the unity—assumes dominant, leading position & role.</p>	 <p>24. Antagonism develops between contradictory opposite aspects as the struggle to lead continues. The opposite which was previously subordinate (the black one in the diagram) gains strength. The embryonic extremes within each opposite grow in response to the increased tensions between the opposites.</p>	 <p>36. Out of the remains of the intense struggle emerges a qualitatively new formation that represents either a revolutionary or devolutionary leap over the old unity. Embryonic opposites remain in the new formation, representing the extreme aspects of the old unity.</p>
 <p>11. Identity of opposites in unity—each aspect of the unity is formed; each simultaneously possesses inner unity & concrete identity. Because they exist in a unity, each aspect contains an element of its opposite within itself</p>	 <p>25. Antagonism between contradictory opposites intensifies. The previously subordinate opposite continues strengthening itself & preparing to overtake its opponent.</p>	 <p>37. The revolutionary new formation moves toward resolution on a higher level; the devolutionary new (moribund old) secures control on a lower level.</p>

 <p>12. In complex processes, the principal contradiction is identified; that is the set of opposites responsible for conditions that give rise to other opposites (the unity in the diagram represents a single contradiction)</p>	 <p>26. An inversion occurs whereby the extreme of one state suddenly passes into its opposite—the aspect that led & was decisive before becomes subordinate to & led by its opposite, while the aspect that was subordinate becomes the decisive one. (e.g., the white becomes the black & the black becomes the white.)</p>	 <p>38. Supercession occurs in the new formation. In the <i>revolutionary new</i> there is a destruction of the old, negation of devolutionary new, & consolidation of revolutionary new; in the <i>devolutionary new</i>, there is a destruction of the progressive new, negation of the revolutionary new, & consolidation of the devolutionary new</p>
 <p>13. Opposites simultaneously interpenetrate, posit, & negate one another; this dynamic interaction is the basis of motion</p>	 <p>27. Inverted opposites continue moving in unity & struggle until the nodal line—threshold of qualitative limit—is reached. With no further room in the unity to move, the struggle <i>within</i> each opposite grows. The result is that each opposite <i>becomes</i> both itself & its opposite, taking on characteristics of both (e.g., the white becomes both white & black & black becomes both black & white)</p>	 <p>39. Progressive or regressive sublation takes place. In progressive sublation, there is a negation of the old, while preserving the best lessons & aspects of the old unity and its former opposite; in regressive sublation, there is a negation of the new & preservation of the worst lessons & obsolete aspects of the old unity and its former opposite.</p>
 <p>14. The contradictory aspects of the unity are unified & engaged in struggle with one another simultaneously; such interaction is the basis of the development of the unity. (Mutual exclusion & mutual negation).</p>	 <p>28. In the unity & struggle of opposites, balance or equilibrium is temporarily reached when the quantitative limits of the unity are reached & the internal aspects <i>within</i> each opposite match one another. The balance is relative & apparent & the opposites are in a momentary state of paralysis, unable to move.</p>	 <p>40. The existence of the new revolutionary or devolutionary formation is affirmed. In revolutionary affirmation, the new formation establishes itself as a qualitatively new unit, completely negating its old formation. In devolutionary affirmation, the old formation is not negated rather it establishes itself in a more extreme, rotten form than its predecessor.</p>
 <p>15. - 16. Each aspect of the primary contradiction continues growing & becoming more certain, until it reaches the limits of the other growing aspect</p>	 <p>29. RBL 1: The struggle between opposites becomes antagonistic. The previously dominant opposite (white in diagram)—reactionary old—fights fiercely for its life & former role. As a result, the unity begins regressing into earlier forms of existence. The previously subordinate (black in diagram)—revolutionary new—also fights for its life but is not as strong (given that it was subordinate for so long, relatively speaking)</p>	 <p>41. The formation as a new unity is established as nascent new unit or moribund old. From revolutionary affirmation the nascent new formation is born, its internal elements lay the foundation for continued growth on a higher level. Devolutionary affirmation produces a moribund formation that represents regressive development on a lower level.</p>
 <p>17. The opposites begin to interpenetrate one another; that is they begin moving into each other, sharing & exchanging, while continuing to struggle. The opposite element (tiny dot in diagram) retained in each aspect of the contradiction splits into reactionary & revolutionary extremes. (in the diagram, the tiny elements in each opposite split)</p>	 <p>30. RBL 2: The reactionary aspect temporarily wins & dominates. The new fights for itself, undermining the olds' position. The strength of the olds' position—its embeddedness—determines how intense this fight will be, how far the unity will regress, an dhow long the regression will last; the more rooted & powerful, the harder the fight, the more forces will be garnered to win.</p>	 <p>42. The qualitatively new unit continues its course of development on a higher level; the basis is laid for an ongoing process of unity and struggle of opposites. The moribund old formation continues its course of regression, laying the basis for continued decay and disintegration.</p>